

# **Conference on ARTES 11**

## **Small Geostationary Satellite Programme**

June 29/30 2006 *Rottach-Egern, Germany* 





## **ARTES-11 History**

### **Beginning of ARTES-11**

- OHB proposes mid 2005 a Small GEO Programme in a letter to the ESA GD and
- presents a concept in the Programme Board.

**Decision on ARTES-11 at the Ministerial Council 2005 in Berlin** 

- 8 countries subscribed 67 MEUR already:
- Austria: Sweden: Germany: 32 6 Denmark: 1 Luxembourg: 10 Switzerland: 12 • Finland: Spain: 4 1

#### **Core Team**

• OHB (Germany), Contraves (Switzerland), SSC (Sweden), Luxspace (Lux.)





### A Warm Welcome at Tegernsee!

- Most beautiful place to inaugurate a new Programme!
- Challenging project!
- Best experts in Satellite Communications!







## **ARTES-11 The Small Geostationary Satellite Programme**

### The Motivation

- The Small GEO Programme closes the gap in the family of European satellites at low mass and power.
- Europe must be able to offer the full range of globally competitive satellites and services, for the commercial and for institutional markets (2-18 kW).
- Europe must maintain strategic independence on satellite communication.
- Small satellites cover a niche market with growing importance in the institutional sector.





### The Motivation (cont.)

- ARTES-11 opens up a unique opportunity to foster expertise in satellite systems and subsystem know-how
  - in smaller ESA-Member States
  - for Small Primes
  - for SMEs.
- The European space industry is moving toward a single European prime satellite manufacturer.
- Monopolistic structures, however, prevent competition and innovative pressure.

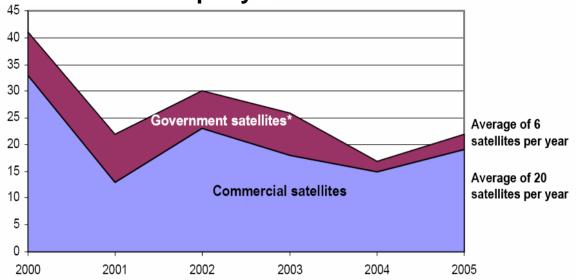




## **Market for SGEO**

Market for satellites in the past

#### Number of satellites per year



Forecast for requests for SGEO:

### 3-5 small GEO Satellites per year





### The Motivation for Germany

- Germany will set up new priorities in space towards applicationoriented activities.
- With ARTES-11 Germany initiates another technologically ambitious programme, parallel to GMES and GALILEO.
- With ARTES-11 progressing, Germany plans additional investments into necessary payload developments.



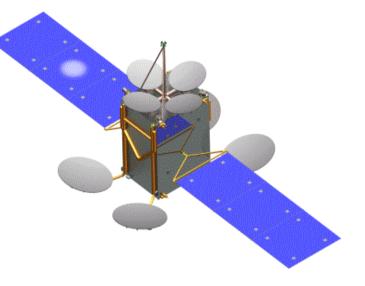


### **ARTES-11** The Small Geostationary Satellite Programme

### The Objective:

To develop a small GEO platform targeting:

- A total payload mass of up to 300 kg
- A payload power of up to 3 kW
- A lifetime of 15 years reliability
- ITAR free subsystems and components
- A fast recurring delivery time below 18 months.



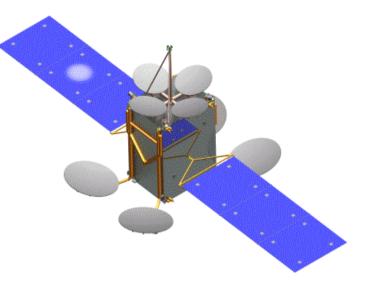




## **ARTES-11 The Small Geostationary Satellite Programme**

### The Characteristics:

- Flexible, cost effective, highly reliable design
- Innovative technologies to increase payload to platform mass ratio
- Compatible with different launchers







## The Goals of our Conference

- To introduce the new ESA-ARTES-11 Programme to the European Space Industry and to the Satellite Operators
- To present the Programme strategy and its structure
- To initiate a strong interaction between industry and market, early in the Programme
- To motivate and invite potential partners to bring in their best ideas
- To point out the industrial payload capacities within ARTES 11
- To stimulate networking between customers, manufacturers and Space Agencies.



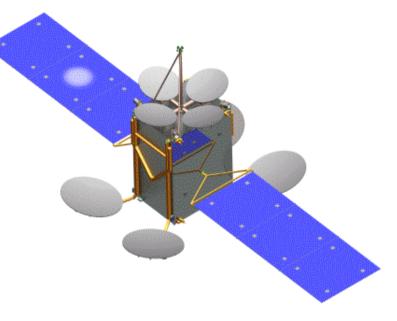


### **Competition to give ARTES-11 a name**

Who knows ARTES-9? But EGNOS is well known.

Who knows ARTES-8? But everyone knows Alphabus.

Who knows ARTES-11? How should we call it?



Please tell us your ideas and take part in a competition.

Get prize for the best idea:





## **Germany is ready to make ARTES-11 a full success!**

- A challenging task lies ahead of us.
- Politics and industry, public and private investors, engineers and economists can make a concept a reality, with a true European identity.
- Bring in your ideas!

Let's do it.

