## Wozu KNIMS? Why KNIMS?

Jörn Rittweger

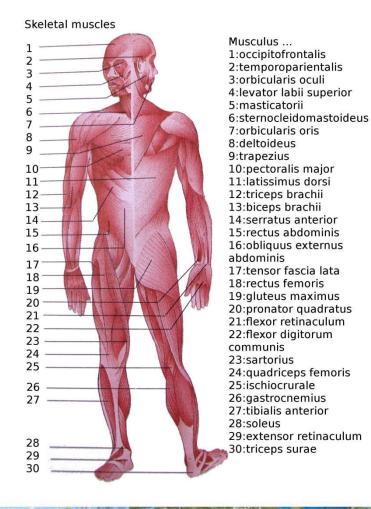
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## Skeletal muscle: Our largest organ

- 60% of body mass
- 20% of body's energy metabolism at rest
- Up to 90% of energy metabolism at work



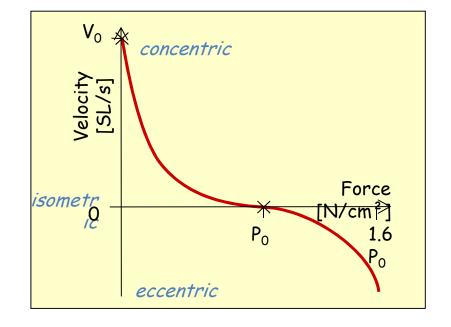


### **Muscle Functions**

### Hill's equation:

 $(P+a)\cdot v = b\cdot (P_0 - P)$ 

- Mechanical Actuator
- Energy dissipation
- Elastic storage (spring)
- Energy consumer
- Secretory organ



P<sub>0</sub> ~ 300 kPa (or 2400 mmHg)





## Sarcolab3: First Results (N=4)

- Substantial soleus muscle atrophy at R+3 despite extensive countermeasure exercise
- No clear-cut tapering-off of loss in muscle strenght & pennation angle towards end of mission
- Calf muscle atrophy & weakness negatively related to loading forces during countermeasure exercises
- Local calf muscle atrophy linked to organismic metabolism

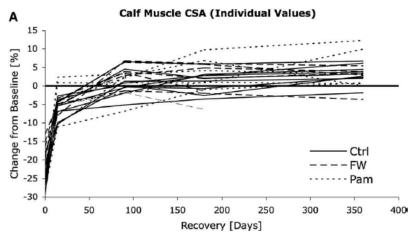
→ Muscle wasting continues to be a problem in space

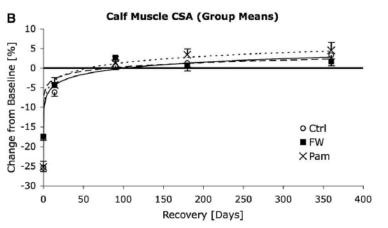


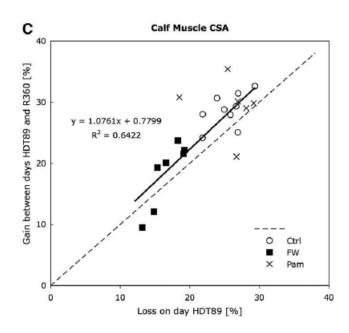
Thomas Pesquet using MARES on ISS



## Calf Muscle Size after 90d Bed Rest: 1-Year Follow-Up



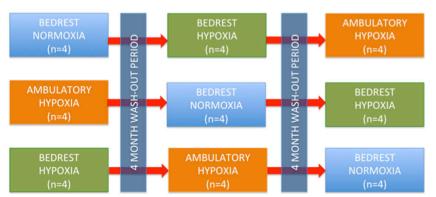




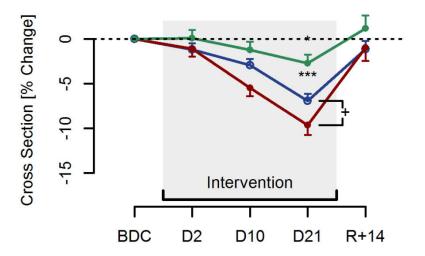


# PlanHab: Hypoxia aggravates Bed-Rest induced muscle atrophy in the thigh

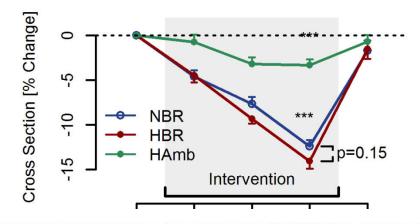




#### **Thigh Muscle**

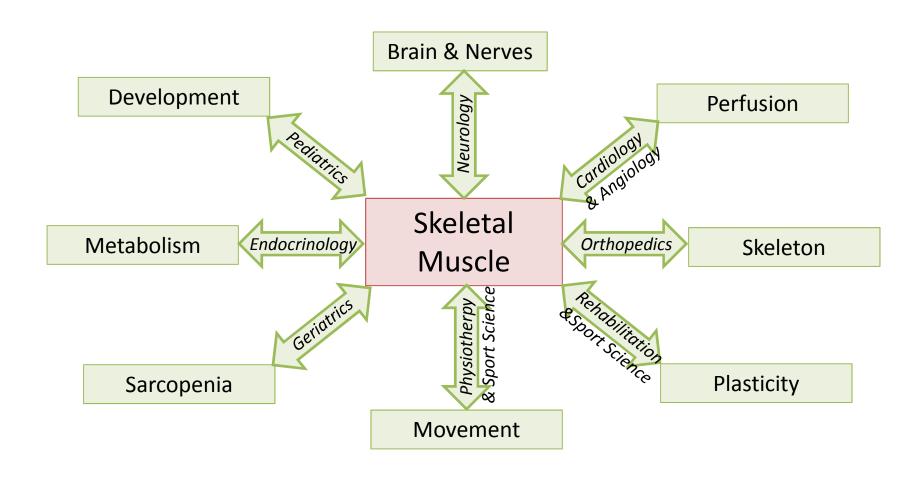


#### **Calf Muscle**





### A ,sarco-centric' view





## Getting into Motion – Three important questions to ask

- Diagnostics: How to identify muscle weakness / wasting in an individual?
- Pathophysiology: Which metabolic alterations are caused by muscle wasting?
- Therapy: Which physical and pharamcological options are there?





